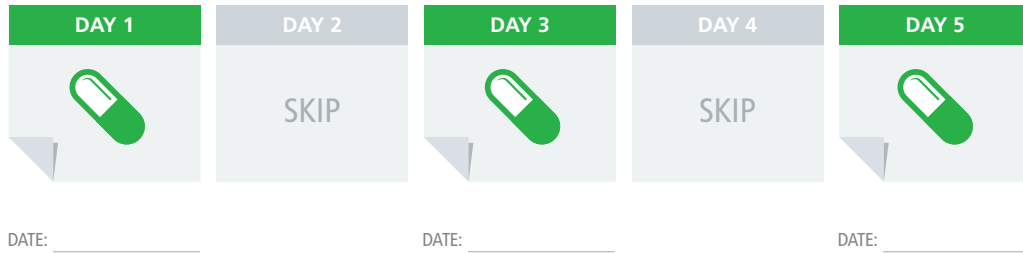


# Vivotif® (*Salmonella enterica* serovar Typhi) Oral Typhoid Vaccine

One capsule every other day for 5 days



## How to take Vivotif



Swallow each capsule **1 hour before eating**, with cold or lukewarm water



**Do not use** Vivotif after the expiry date printed on the pack



Keep the capsules **in the refrigerator** (2° to 8°C)



The course should be completed **at least 10 days prior to travel departure**

**Always take Vivotif exactly as your doctor has told you.** You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. If you experience any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist

## What Vivotif is used for:

Vivotif is for adults and children who are at least 6 years old:

- travelling to countries where there is a risk of catching typhoid fever
- living in countries where there is a risk of catching typhoid fever

## Do I still need to take care after having Vivotif?

It is important that you still take care not to have food or water that may contain the bacteria that cause typhoid. This is because not everyone having a full course of Vivotif will be fully protected against typhoid fever. Also, the protection only lasts for at most three years.

**Your health professional has prescribed Vivotif for you. You have been given this information sheet to learn more about taking the medication, but it is not a replacement for reading the package leaflet (patient information leaflet).**

## Vivotif Frequently Asked Questions

### How long will Vivotif last?

Protection starts 7-10 days after taking the final capsule. If you are travelling from time to time to areas where you are at risk of typhoid fever, Vivotif can protect you for one year. If you are living in a place where you are likely to be exposed to the bacteria that causes typhoid fever you may be protected for 3 years.

### What side effects can I expect?

Like all vaccines, Vivotif can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. The following side effects may happen with this vaccine:

#### Allergic reactions (affects less than 1 in 10,000 people).

If you have an allergic reaction, see a doctor straight away. The signs may include: a drop in blood pressure and fainting. See a doctor straight away if you experience these symptoms.

#### Common (affects less than 1 in 10 people)

- stomach pains
- fever
- headache
- feeling or being sick
- flu-like illness
- skin redness
- diarrhoea

There are more details on the leaflet contained in the pack.

#### Reporting of side effects:

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in the package leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at [www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard](http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard).

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

### What if I need malaria prophylaxis?

If you plan to take malaria prophylaxis the fixed combination of atovaquone and proguanil can be taken with Vivotif. Doses of mefloquine and Vivotif should be separated by at least 12 hours. For other antimalarials, there should be an interval of at least 3 days between the last dose of Vivotif and the first dose of malaria prophylaxis.

**FREE VIVOTIF® REMINDER SERVICE, TEXT VIVO TO 80800**

 **Vivotif®**  
*Salmonella enterica* serovar Typhi